



FR 2271808

46415W/28 CIBA GEIGY AG 21.12.73-CH-018041 (03.07.75) A474-07/00 Cleansing article for use in bath or shower - comprising fibre fleece having adhered cleaning agent	AB 023 F07 P28 CBA 21.12.73 DI 2402-730	A12-B2B, A12-D4, 2 135	<p>or resin, e.g. an acrylic acid ester resin. The prepn. for impregnating the fleece pref. has a pH between 2.5 and 8 and contains 5-80 wt.-% of cosmetically acceptable foam-forming agent, e.g. anionic, cationic, amphotolytic or non-ionic surface active agents. The foaming agent pref. has an hydrophilic/lipophilic balance (HLB value) of 7 to 40. Pref. the prepn. contains as skin-protective agent a fatty acid alkylamide, a lecithin, a wool fat alcohol or deriv., a silicone oil and/or a hydrophilic polyol.</p> <p>EXAMPLE</p> <p>A fleece made of viscose-silk fibres bound with an isoprene rubber is impregnated with 300 g/m² surface of an emulsion and dried at 40°C. The emulsion contains 50g. sodium polyethoxylauryl sulphate (27% in water; MW 384), 10g. glycerine, 0.4g. sodium hexametaphosphate, 0.2g. p-methoxy benzoic acid Na salt, 0.04g. water-sol. dye, 1.2g. perfume, and 38.16g. deionised water. The dried fleece is cut, folded and glued to form a glove-type cleansing article of size 15.5 cm x 21.3 cm, which contains 2.5-3g. dried cleaning agent.(28 pp.)</p>
<p>Cleansing article comprises a fibre fleece whose fibres are bound together by a water insol. binder and have, homogeneously distributed in (part of) the fleece, a cosmetically acceptable, foam-forming cleaning agent adhered to the fibre material in dry condition. The fibre fleece is impregnated with an aq. prepn. of the cleaning agent and then dried. The aq. prepn. can be in the form of a soln., emulsion, concentrate or aq. gel and may contain other additives, e.g. skin protecting agents, perfume, foam-reinforcing agents, preservatives and anti-oxidants.</p> <p>USE</p> <p>The cleansing article can be used for washing in the bath or under a shower.</p> <p>DETAIL</p> <p>The fleece can be made of natural or synthetic fibres, e.g. natural or regenerated cellulose, or synthetic polyamides, polyester, acrylonitrile or mixts. of such fibres. The binding agent holding the fibres may be a synthetic gum</p>			46415W